

Our Children Our Communities Our Future

Australian Early Development Census

Community profile 2024

Tuggeranong, ACT



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Since 2002, the Australian Government has worked in partnership with eminent child health research institutes, the Centre for Community Child Health at The Royal Children's Hospital and the Murdoch Children's Research Institute, and The Kids Research Institute Australia to deliver the Australian Early Development Census program to communities nationwide. The Australian Government continues to work with its partners, and with state and territory governments to implement the AEDC.

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Note on presentation conventions: the hyphen (-) is used throughout the tables in this *Community profile* where AEDC data was not collected or not reported for any given year. All percentages presented in this *Community profile* have been rounded to one decimal place.

Note on children with special needs status: domain indicator information about children with special needs is not included in the Australian Early Development Census results because of the already identified substantial developmental needs of this group.

Note on accessibility: an accessible text version of this *Community profile* is available for download from the Community data explorer on the AEDC website. If you use assistive technology and need further assistance, please email **support@aedc.gov.au**. Please tell us what format you need. It will also help if you let us know what assistive technology you use.

Note on per cent calculation: unless otherwise specified the per cent is based on the valid n value.

AEDC publication rules have been applied and for more information visit the *AEDC Data guidelines* (<u>aedc.gov.au/dg</u>).

About the Australian Early Development Census

In 2009, Australia became the first country in the world to collect national data on the developmental health and wellbeing of all children starting school. The success of the 2009 data collection laid the foundation for the Australian Government's commitment to ongoing Australian Early Development Census (AEDC) data collections every three years, with the most recent in 2024.

The AEDC measures the development of children in Australia in their first year of full-time school. AEDC data is collected using an adapted version of the Early Development Instrument, which was developed in Canada.

The Australian version of the Early Development Instrument consists of approximately 100 questions across five key domains, which are closely linked to child health, education and social outcomes. Figure 1 provides a description of each of the AEDC domains.

Figure 1 – AEDC domain descriptions.

Physical health and wellbeing



Children's physical readiness for the school day, physical independence and gross and fine motor skills.

Social competence



Children's overall social competence, responsibility and respect, approach to learning and readiness to explore new things.

Emotional maturity



Children's pro-social and helping behaviours and absence of anxious and fearful behaviour, aggressive behaviour and hyperactivity and inattention.

Language and cognitive skills (school-based)



Children's basic literacy, advanced literacy, basic numeracy, and interest in literacy, numeracy and memory.

Communication skills and general knowledge



Children's communication skills and general knowledge based on broad developmental competencies and skills measured in the school context. For each of the five AEDC domains, children receive a score between zero and 10, where higher scores denote greater development.

In 2009, when the AEDC was first completed nationally, a series of cut-off scores was established for each of the five domains:

- Children falling below the 10th percentile (in the lowest 10 per cent) were categorised as 'developmentally vulnerable'
- Children falling between the 10th and 25th percentile (between the lowest 10 per cent and top 75 per cent) were categorised as 'developmentally at risk'
- All other children were categorised as 'developmentally on track' (in the top 75 per cent).

The cut-off scores set in 2009 provide a reference point against which later AEDC results can be compared. These have remained the same for all data collections. For example, in the 2024 AEDC, 7.7 per cent of children were considered developmentally vulnerable on the Language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain, because their scores on that domain were below the relevant cut-off score established in 2009.

For further information about the domains and domain characteristics (developmentally on track, at risk and vulnerable) please refer to the fact sheet *About the AEDC domains* (aedc.gov.au/abtdom). Links to additional AEDC resources can be found at Appendix 1.

How to use this AEDC data

The AEDC provides important information for communities, governments and schools to support their planning and service provision. The environments and experiences children are exposed to shape their development. The AEDC is considered to be a measure of how well children and families are supported from conception through to school age.

Research shows that investing time, effort and resources in children's early years, when their brains are developing rapidly, benefits children and the whole community. Early developmental gains support children through their school years and beyond.

The AEDC helps communities understand how children are developing before they start their first year of full-time school, what is being done well and what can be improved. Communities can use the AEDC to help identify services, resources and support to meet the needs of their community.

The AEDC data is a powerful tool for initiating conversations and partnerships across education, health and community services. By providing a common ground from which key stakeholders can work together, the AEDC can enable communities to form partnerships to plan and implement activities, programs and services to help shape the future and wellbeing of children in Australia. Connecting with key stakeholders, particularly early childhood education and care services, can give communities the opportunity to reach families in ways that are not resource intensive.

When reviewing the information in this profile consider:

- what are the strengths and vulnerabilities of children in the community?
- how does this community compare to other similar communities, the state or territory or the Australian average?
- what factors may be contributing to the percentage and number of children who are developmentally vulnerable in the community?
- what other demographic and community data would be useful to add context to the AEDC data?

When exploring this community's AEDC results you may wish to consider how well connected the network of community stakeholders are and who provides services to children and families. Ask:

- are families well informed about what is available in the community?
- does the community have well established referral pathways for connecting families to services and supports?
- does the community have well-connected services that work collaboratively to deliver programs across systems and sectors?

Consider how stakeholders can connect effectively with the community and families to:

- be informed about what is happening for children in the community
- discuss what could be done to better support children's development in the early years
- collaborate in the development and implementation of a community plan that strategically provides a vision and direction for early years' service provision within the community.

Refer to the *AEDC User guides* (aedc.gov.au/userguides) for steps and strategies on how to respond to AEDC data and connecting with this community.

About this community

AEDC communities are a geographic area, usually equivalent to a Local Government Area, made up of AEDC local communities.

Local communities are a small area locality, usually representing a suburb or town.

The *AEDC Community profile* presents AEDC results for children living in this community regardless of where they attend school.

Location

Tuggeranong is in the ACT region of ACT.

For more information on community boundaries, refer to the AEDC fact sheet *Understanding AEDC community boundaries* (**aedc.gov.au/ucb**).

AEDC local communities

The AEDC local communities that make up the Tuggeranong community are: Banks, Bonython, Calwell, Chisholm, Conder, Fadden, Gilmore, Gordon, Gowrie, Greenway, Isabella Plains, Kambah, Macarthur, Monash, Oxley, Richardson, Theodore, Wanniassa.

Across the 2009, 2012, 2015, 2018, 2021 and 2024 AEDC data collections some local communities may not have always been included in a *Community profile* due to there being insufficient AEDC data available for reporting purposes in any particular year.

For the purposes of the AEDC, data for the following local communities, which are part of Tuggeranong have either never, or only sometimes, been reported in a *Community profile*:

Local communities reported in some but not all years: Greenway, Oxley

Local communities not reported in any years to date: Nil.

Information about children in this community

The following tables show trends for this community, including information on demographics, early education experiences, special needs and transition to school.

Background information

 Table 1.1 – Demographic information about this community.

Demographics	2018	2021	2024
Total number of children measured	1,222	1,178	1,021
Number of schools contributing to the results	62	65	60
Number of teachers contributing to the results	136	134	125
Average age of children at completion	5 years 8 months	5 years 7 months	5 years 7 months

 Table 1.2 – Further demographic information about this community.

Demographics	20	18	20	21	20	24
Domographico	n	%	n	%	n	%
Gender – Male	632	51.7	621	52.7	528	51.7
Gender – Female	590	48.3	557	47.3	493	48.3
First Nations children	62	5.3	50	4.2	61	6.0
Children born in another country	55	4.7	44	3.7	28	2.7
Children with English as a second language	139	11.4	138	11.7	127	12.4
Children with a language background other than English (LBOTE) Total ¹	205	16.8	208	17.7	178	17.4
LBOTE - children who ARE proficient in English	183	15.0	186	15.8	154	15.1
LBOTE - children who ARE NOT proficient in English	22	1.8	21	1.8	22	2.2
Children with a primary caregiver who reported they completed some form of post-school qualification	870	84.2	812	82.5	757	85.0

Note on children with a language background other than English (LBOTE)¹: For the AEDC, children are considered LBOTE if they speak a language other than English at home or if they have English as a second language (ESL) status. More information on AEDC terms and definitions is available in the fact sheet *Definition of AEDC terms* (aedc.gov.au/defterm).

Non-parental early childhood education

Table 1.3 – Non-parental early childhood education and/or care.

Types of non-parental early childhood education		2018			2021			2024	
and/or care	n (valid)	n (yes)	%	n (valid)	n (yes)	%	n (valid)	n (yes)	%
Playgroup	174	58	33.3	280	83	29.6	119	34	28.6
Centre based day care	394	190	48.2	428	179	41.8	314	166	52.9
Preschool or kindergarten	1,168	1,134	97.1	1,142	1,121	98.2	974	957	98.3
Family day care	317	20	6.3	383	24	6.3	264	10	3.8
Grandparent	339	93	27.4	353	99	28.0	271	90	33.2
Other relative	313	25	8.0	317	29	9.1	228	19	8.3
Nanny	355	9	2.5	356	7	2.0	294	0	0.0
Other	318	15	4.7	316	12	3.8	233	4	1.7

• Note on children in non-parental care: Although teachers are well placed to report on the development of children, the extent to which teachers know about children's early education and care experiences varies. Nevertheless, early education and care data are collected in the AEDC to support communities, governments and researchers better reflect on and respond to the experiences of children and families. In cases where teachers don't know they indicate this, and these cases are excluded from Table 1.3. When reviewing data, consider how many children in the community this represents and how reliably this might reflect the experience of children in the community as a whole. Playgroup attendance refers to any time prior to entering full-time school, whereas all the other types of care arrangements listed above refer to the year before entering full-time school.

Special needs

Table 1.4 – Support.

Types of support required or identified	20	18	20	21	2024		
Types of support required of identified	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Children with special needs status	52	4.3	50	4.2	53	5.2	
Children identified by teachers as requiring further assessment (e.g. medical and physical, behaviour management, emotional and cognitive development)	191	16.2	227	20.1	255	26.4	
Children attended early intervention program	51	5.4	94	10.4	97	13.3	

Note on children with special needs status: For the AEDC, this means children identified already as requiring special assistance in the classroom with high needs due to chronic medical, physical, or intellectually disabling conditions. Teachers were asked to base their response on medical diagnosis. More information on AEDC terms and definitions is available in the fact sheet *Definition of AEDC terms* (aedc.gov.au/defterm).

Transition to school

Table 1.5 – Teachers' response to the question: Would you say that this child is making good progress in adapting to the structure and learning environment of the school.

Child is making good progress in adapting to the	20)18	20	21	2024		
structure and learning environment of the school	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Very true	911	74.6	821	69.8	722	70.9	
Somewhat true	266	21.8	312	26.5	245	24.1	
Not true	43	3.5	42	3.6	48	4.7	
Don't know	≤3	≤0.2	≤3	≤0.3	≤3	≤0.3	

Table 1.6 – Teachers' response to the question: Would you say that this child has parent(s)/caregiver(s) who are actively engaged with the school in supporting their child's learning.

Child has parent(s)/caregiver(s) who are actively engaged with the school in supporting their child's	20	18	20	21	2024		
learning	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Very true	873	71.5	826	70.2	718	70.5	
Somewhat true	272	22.3	272	23.1	233	22.9	
Not true	72	5.9	73	6.2	58	5.7	
Don't know	4	0.3	6	0.5	9	0.9	

Table 1.7 – Teachers' response to the question: Would you say that this child is regularly read to/encouraged in his/her reading at home.

Child is regularly read to/encouraged in his/her reading	20	18	20	21	2024		
at home	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Very true	861	70.5	773	65.7	654	64.2	
Somewhat true	230	18.8	241	20.5	235	23.1	
Not true	92	7.5	85	7.2	68	6.7	
Don't know	38	3.1	78	6.6	61	6.0	

AEDC Community profile 2024 Tuggeranong

AEDC domain and summary indicator

results

This section presents an overview of this community's AEDC results across all collections including the percentage of children who are:

- developmentally on track, at risk, or vulnerable, by domain
- · developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains
- · developmentally vulnerable on two or more domains
- developmentally on track on five domains.

Results for this community for each of the AEDC domains are then presented in more detail and compared to the state or territory and national results for the three most recent collections.

How to interpret the domain results

Developmentally on track children are considered to be developing well. As such, it is desirable to see the percentage of children who are 'on track' increase with each new AEDC collection cycle.

Developmentally at risk children should be considered alongside changes in the percentage of children developmentally on track and developmentally vulnerable. Ideally more children will be on track as communities work to ensure all children are supported in their development. For example, in a community where children and families face many complex challenges, a reduction in those who are developmentally vulnerable could coincide with an increase in those at risk which would signal an overall improvement. As such, any changes in the 'at risk' group cannot be interpreted without also looking at the percentage of children who are vulnerable and on track.

Developmentally vulnerable children are facing some significant challenges in their development. As such, it is desirable to see the percentage of children who are 'vulnerable' decrease with each new AEDC collection cycle.

How to compare your results

Most communities will see some change in the percentage of children who are developmentally on track, at risk or vulnerable in 2024 compared to previous years. In some cases, this difference will be small and in others, it will be more substantial.

To assist communities to make informed decisions about whether there has been a large enough change in the percentage of children considered developmentally on track, at risk or vulnerable over time to be considered significant, a method described as the critical difference has been developed and is available for use on the AEDC website (aedc.gov.au/critdiff).

Table 2.1 indicates whether the change in each developmental domain category represents a significant change for this community. Table 3 indicates whether the change in each summary indicator represents a significant change for this community.

AEDC domain trends for this community

Figure 2.1 to 2.5 show broad trends for each domain from 2009 to 2024. Results are also presented in tabular format in Table 2.1.

Figure 2.1 – Trends in the physical health and wellbeing domain for this community.

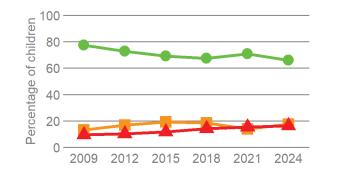


Figure 2.4 – Trends in the language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain for this community.

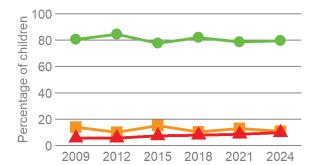


Figure 2.2 – Trends in the social competence domain for this community.

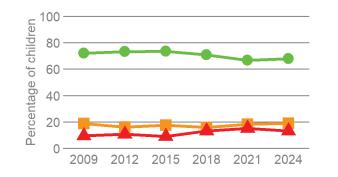
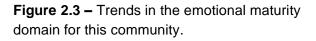
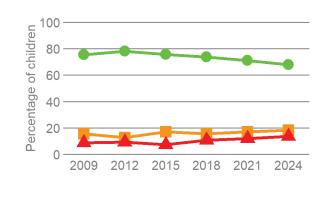
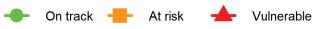


Figure 2.5 – Trends in the communication skills and general knowledge domain for this community.







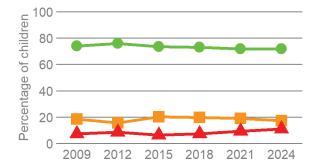


Table 2.1 - AEDC domain results over time for this community.

			2	009	2	012	20	015	20	018	2	2021	2024		Significant change	
			n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	2009 vs 2024	2021 vs 2024
		On track	884	77.3	829	72.8	782	69.0	788	67.4	797	70.7	637	66.0	Decrease	Decrease
70	Physical health and wellbeing	At risk	150	13.1	193	16.9	219	19.3	215	18.4	157	13.9	170	17.6	Increase	Increase
	U	Vulnerable	110	9.6	117	10.3	132	11.7	166	14.2	173	15.4	158	16.4	Increase	No change
		On track	822	71.9	832	73.2	832	73.4	829	70.9	752	66.7	655	67.9	Decrease	No change
IT N	Social competence	At risk	214	18.7	183	16.1	198	17.5	186	15.9	205	18.2	182	18.9	No change	No change
		Vulnerable	108	9.4	122	10.7	103	9.1	154	13.2	170	15.1	127	13.2	Increase	Decrease
		On track	862	75.5	891	78.2	854	75.6	862	73.7	799	71.0	648	67.9	Decrease	Decrease
N	Emotional maturity	At risk	179	15.7	144	12.6	193	17.1	183	15.7	193	17.1	175	18.3	Increase	No change
		Vulnerable	100	8.8	105	9.2	82	7.3	124	10.6	134	11.9	131	13.7	Increase	Increase
	Language and	On track	919	80.5	961	84.5	878	77.5	959	82.0	887	78.7	762	79.5	No change	No change
U	cognitive skills	At risk	159	13.9	113	9.9	172	15.2	119	10.2	144	12.8	103	10.8	Decrease	No change
	(school-based)	Vulnerable	64	5.6	63	5.5	83	7.3	91	7.8	96	8.5	93	9.7	Increase	No change
	Communication	On track	846	74.0	863	76.0	833	73.5	854	73.1	808	71.8	693	71.8	Decrease	No change
	skills and	At risk	213	18.6	177	15.6	229	20.2	229	19.6	213	18.9	167	17.3	No change	No change
	general knowledge	Vulnerable	84	7.3	96	8.5	71	6.3	86	7.4	105	9.3	105	10.9	Increase	No change

1 Note on significant change: Significant change has been colour coded: green text represents a positive change, red text represents a negative change. At risk has not been colour coded as any changes should be interpreted in context with changes in the percentage of children who are vulnerable and on track.

1 Note on denominators: The denominator may be different for each domain (as well as each of the three summary indicators), as there may be varying numbers of children with valid scores for each domain/summary indicator.

AEDC summary indicator trends for this community

Table 3 – Number and percentage of children in this community who are developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains, developmentally vulnerable on two or more domains or developmentally on track on five domains.

	20	09	2012		20	2015		2018		2021		24	Significant change	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	2009 vs 2024	2021 vs 2024
Vulnerable on one or more domains	256	22.4	278	24.6	247	21.8	316	27.0	339	30.1	289	30.2	Increase	No change
Vulnerable on two or more domains	117	10.2	126	11.1	111	9.8	163	13.9	168	14.9	166	17.3	Increase	Increase
On track on five domains	568	49.7	576	50.8	523	46.2	556	47.6	504	44.7	402	41.8	Decrease	Decrease

AEDC summary indicators

The AEDC has three summary indicators that collectively can be used to monitor trends in child development. Two of these summary indicators measure developmental vulnerability across the domains and help identify groups of children who are most vulnerable:

DV1

Developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains (DV1):

The percentage of children who are developmentally vulnerable on ONE or more AEDC domains.



OT5

Developmentally vulnerable on two or more domains (DV2):

The percentage of children who are developmentally vulnerable on TWO or more AEDC domains.

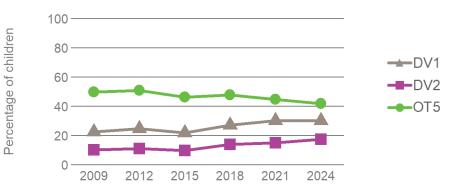
The third summary indicator, on track on five domains, is a strength-based indicator that helps identify where things are working well to support children's holistic development. It is the basis for the Closing the Gap Target 4 'children thrive in their early years'.



The percentage of children who are developmentally on track on <u>all</u> FIVE AEDC domains.

AEDC Community profile 2024 Tuggeranong

Figure 3 – Children developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains, two or more domains or on track on five domains in this community over time.



• Note on summary indicators: Children who are developmentally vulnerable on one or more (DV1) and/or two or more (DV2) domains cannot be on track on five (OT5) domains and vice versa. However, some children may not be DV1, DV2 or OT5 as they may be at risk on 1-5 domains and on track on the other domains. More information is available in the fact sheet *AEDC summary indicators* (aedc.gov.au/abtsumm).

This domain measures children's physical readiness for the school day, physical independence, and gross and fine motor skills

Developmentally Developmentally

Developmentally

Physical health and wellbeing

										on tra	ick	at ri	sk	vulner	able	Total
Physical			0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		n	%	n	%	n	%	n
health and wellbeing	This	017							2024	637	66.0	170	17.6	158	16.4	965
Weinbeilig	community	LAN ON T							2021	797	70.7	157	13.9	173	15.4	1,127
		de al file al file d							2018	788	67.4	215	18.4	166	14.2	1,169
									2024	3,385	68.7	859	17.4	681	13.8	4,925
	ACT								2021	3,898	70.4	929	16.8	708	12.8	5,535
									2018	3,840	70.0	978	17.8	666	12.1	5,484
									2024	209,467	78.2	31,505	11.8	26,890	10.0	267,862
	National								2021	226,006	78.5	33,677	11.7	28,341	9.8	288,024
	L								2018	229,542	78.1	36,105	12.3	28,247	9.6	293,894

Table 2.3 – Physical health and wellbeing domain category definitions.

Developmentally on track	Almost never have problems that interfere with their ability to physically cope with the school day. These children are generally independent, have excellent motor skills, and have energy levels that can get them through the school day.
Developmentally at risk	Experience some challenges that interfere with their ability to physically cope with the school day. This may include being dressed inappropriately, frequently late, hungry or tired. Children may also show poor coordination skills, have poor fine and gross motor skills, or show poor to average levels of energy during the school day.
Developmentally vulnerable	Experience a number of challenges that interfere with their ability to physically cope with the school day. This may include being dressed inappropriately, frequently late, hungry or tired. Children are usually clumsy and may have fading energy levels.

Physical health and wellbeing sub-domains

The physical health and wellbeing domain is the only AEDC domain that is reported with sub-domain analysis. Patterns of vulnerability vary across the physical health and wellbeing domain: for example, children might be coming to school hungry but still have developmentally appropriate fine and gross motor skills. As such, sub-domains are reported for the physical health and wellbeing domain below, enabling communities to make better sense of these results.

Sub-domain	Description	20)18	20)21	20	24
Sub-domain	Description	n	%	n	%	n	%
Physical readiness for school day	Children developmentally vulnerable on this sub-domain have at least sometimes experienced coming unprepared for school by being dressed inappropriately, coming to school late, hungry or tired.	173	14.8	171	15.2	174	18.0
Physical independence	Children developmentally vulnerable on this sub-domain range from those who have not developed independence or handedness or coordination, to those who have not developed any of these skills.	127	10.9	159	14.1	127	13.2
Gross and fine motor skills	Children developmentally vulnerable on this sub-domain could have poor fine and gross motor skills and/or poor overall energy levels during the school day.	151	12.9	115	10.2	106	11.0

Table 2.4 – Children developmentally vulnerable on the physical health and wellbeing sub-domains.

Social competence

This domain measures children's overall social competence, responsibility and respect, approach to learning and readiness to explore new things

Developmentally Developmentally

Developmentally

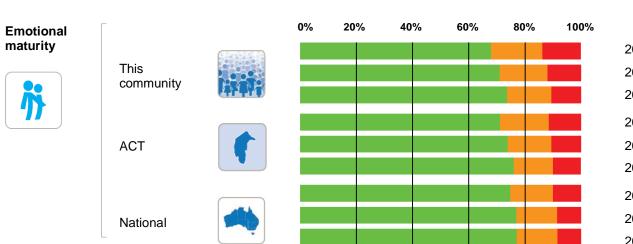
										on tra		at ri		vulner		Total
Social	Γ		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		n	%	n	%	n	%	n
competence	This	017 00							2024	655	67.9	182	18.9	127	13.2	964
	This community								2021	752	66.7	205	18.2	170	15.1	1,127
i		the state of the s							2018	829	70.9	186	15.9	154	13.2	1,169
									2024	3,471	70.5	881	17.9	568	11.5	4,920
	ACT								2021	3,893	70.3	966	17.5	675	12.2	5,534
									2018	3,969	72.4	841	15.3	674	12.3	5,484
									2024	198,211	74.0	40,859	15.3	28,704	10.7	267,774
	National								2021	218,679	75.9	41,528	14.4	27,788	9.6	287,995
	L								2018	222,771	75.8	42,434	14.4	28,673	9.8	293,878

Table 2.5 – Social competence domain category definitions.

Developmentally on track	Almost never have problems getting along, working, or playing with other children; are respectful to adults, are self-confident, and are able to follow class routines; and are capable of helping others.
Developmentally at risk	Experience some challenges in the following areas: getting along with other children and teachers, playing with a variety of children in a cooperative manner, showing respect for others and for property, following instructions and class routines, taking responsibility for their actions, working independently, and exhibiting self-control and self-confidence.
Developmentally vulnerable	Experience a number of challenges with poor overall social skills. For example children who do not get along with other children on a regular basis, do not accept responsibility for their own actions and have difficulties following rules and class routines. Children may be disrespectful of adults, children, and others' property, have low self-confidence and self-control, do not adjust well to change; and are usually unable to work independently.

Emotional maturity

This domain measures children's pro-social and helping behaviours and absence of anxious and fearful behaviour, aggressive behaviour and hyperactivity and inattention



	Developm on tra		Developm at ris		Developn vulner	Total		
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	
2024	648	67.9	175	18.3	131	13.7	954	
2021	799	71.0	193	17.1	134	11.9	1,126	
2018	862	73.7	183	15.7	124	10.6	1,169	
2024	3,482	71.1	850	17.4	566	11.6	4,898	
2021	4,078	73.9	857	15.5	585	10.6	5,520	
2018	4,173	76.1	764	13.9	543	9.9	5,480	
2024	199,318	74.8	40,483	15.2	26,563	10.0	266,364	
2021	221,057	77.0	41,667	14.5	24,271	8.5	286,995	
2018	225,739	77.1	42,390	14.5	24,677	8.4	292,806	

Table 2.6 – Emotional maturity domain category definitions.

Developmentally on track	Almost never show aggressive, anxious, or impulsive behaviour. Children will have good concentration and will often help other children.
Developmentally at risk	Experience some challenges in the following areas: helping other children who are hurt, sick or upset, inviting other children to join in activities, being kind to other children, and waiting their turn in activities. Children will sometimes experience problems with anxious behaviours, aggressive behaviour, temper tantrums, or problems with inattention or hyperactivity.
Developmentally vulnerable	Experience a number of challenges related to emotional regulation. For example, problems managing aggressive behaviour, being prone to disobedience and/or are easily distracted, inattentive, and impulsive. Children will usually not help others and are sometimes upset when left by their caregiver.

Language and cognitive skills (school-based)

This domain measures children's basic literacy, advanced literacy, basic numeracy, and interest in literacy, numeracy and memory

Language and cognitive										Developm on tra		Developn at ri		Developm vulnera		Total
skills	Γ		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		n	%	n	%	n	%	n
(school- based)									2024	762	79.5	103	10.8	93	9.7	958
	This community	LIVE T							2021	887	78.7	144	12.8	96	8.5	1,127
	community	AL16							2018	959	82.0	119	10.2	91	7.8	1,169
									2024	3,972	81.7	535	11.0	353	7.3	4,860
	ACT								2021	4,611	83.4	561	10.1	357	6.5	5,529
									2018	4,613	84.2	514	9.4	352	6.4	5,479
									2024	218,355	81.7	28,298	10.6	20,698	7.7	267,351
	National								2021	237,499	82.6	29,091	10.1	21,107	7.3	287,697
	L	-							2018	247.870	84.4	26.291	9.0	19.417	6.6	293.578

 Table 2.7 – Language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain category definitions.

Developmentally on track	Children will be interested in books, reading and writing, and basic math; capable of reading and writing simple sentences and complex words. Will be able to count and recognise numbers and shapes.
Developmentally at risk	Have mastered some but not all of the following literacy and numeracy skills: being able to identify some letters and attach sounds to some letters, show awareness of rhyming words, know writing directions, being able to write their own name, count to 20, recognise shapes and numbers, compare numbers, sort and classify, and understand simple time concepts. Children may have difficultly remembering things, and show a lack of interest in books, reading, maths and numbers, and may not have mastered more advanced literacy skills such as reading and writing simple words or sentences.
Developmentally vulnerable	Experience a number of challenges in reading/writing and with numbers; unable to read and write simple words, will be uninterested in trying, and often unable to attach sounds to letters. Children will have difficulty remembering things, counting to 20, and recognising and comparing numbers; and usually not interested in numbers.

Communication skills and general knowledge

This domain measures children's communication skills and general knowledge based on broad developmental competencies and skills measured in the school context

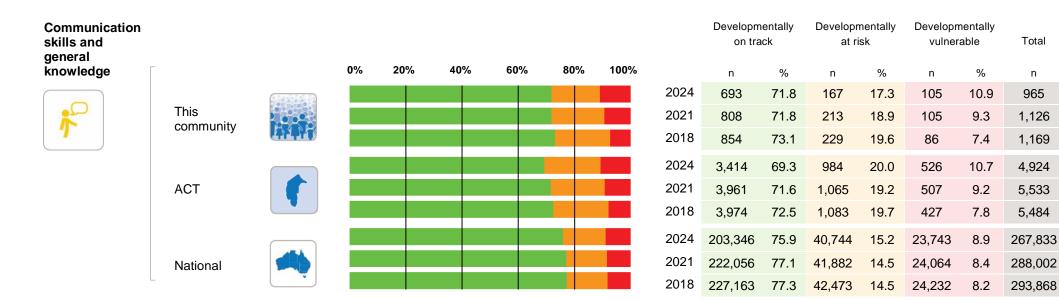


Table 2.8 – Communication skills and general knowledge domain category definitions.

Developmentally on track	Children will have excellent communication skills, can tell a story and communicate easily with both children and adults, and have no problems with articulation.
Developmentally at risk	Have mastered some but not all of the following communication skills: listening, understanding and speaking effectively in English, being able to articulate clearly, being able to tell a story and to take part in imaginative play. Children may not know some basic general knowledge about the world such as knowing that leaves fall in autumn, apple is fruit, and dogs bark.
Developmentally vulnerable	Children will have poor communication skills and articulation; have limited command of English (or the language of instruction), have difficulties talking to others, understanding, and being understood; and have poor general knowledge.

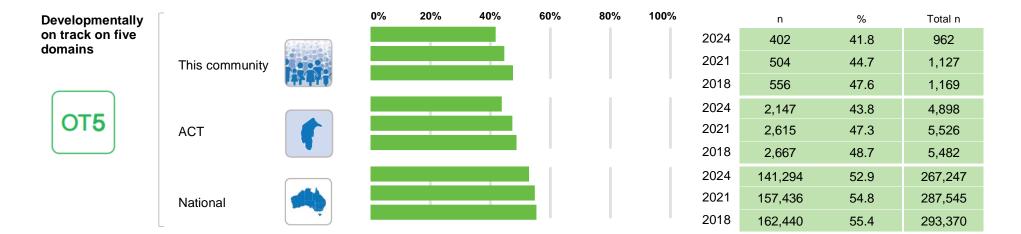
Summary indicators

Summary indicators of developmental vulnerability on 'one or more' and on 'two or more' domains

Developmentally	-		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		n	%	Total n
vulnerable on one or more									2024	289	30.2	958
domains	This community			_					2021	339	30.1	1,127
		A115							2018	316	27.0	1,169
									2024	1,368	28.1	4,876
DV1	ACT								2021	1,474	26.7	5,521
									2018	1,350	24.6	5,482
									2024	62,787	23.5	266,711
	National								2021	63,264	22.0	287,164
	_								2018	63,448	21.7	292,976
			0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		n	%	Total n
Developmentally	_		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2024	n 166	% 17.3	Total n 959
vulnerable on	This community		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2024 2021			
	This community		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%		166	17.3	959
vulnerable on two or more	This community		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2021	166 168	17.3 14.9	959 1,127
vulnerable on two or more	This community		0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2021 2018	166 168 163	17.3 14.9 13.9	959 1,127 1,169
vulnerable on two or more domains			0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2021 2018 2024	166 168 163 728	17.3 14.9 13.9 14.9	959 1,127 1,169 4,902
vulnerable on two or more				20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2021 2018 2024 2021	166 168 163 728 735	17.3 14.9 13.9 14.9 13.3	959 1,127 1,169 4,902 5,532
vulnerable on two or more domains				20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	2021 2018 2024 2021 2018	166 168 163 728 735 680	17.3 14.9 13.9 14.9 13.3 12.4	959 1,127 1,169 4,902 5,532 5,481

Summary indicators (cont.)

Summary indicator of developmentally on track on five domains



AEDC results for local communities

This section presents national, state/territory, community and local community results for each of the five AEDC domains, as well as the three summary indicators (vulnerable on one or more domains, vulnerable on two or more domains and on track on five domains) for the last three collections.

AEDC geographic boundaries have been defined for the whole country to ensure that the data are reported in the most useful way that aligns with commonly understood geographies, such as suburbs. These boundaries enable AEDC results to be reported at the four different geographic levels.

AEDC local communities represent the smallest geographic areas. In most cases, AEDC local community boundaries are equivalent to suburbs.

To enable accurate comparisons with the Census of Population and Housing, and other socio-demographic data from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), 2024 AEDC boundaries align with the latest Statistical Area 1 (SA1) geography which was released by the ABS in 2021.

This collection, there is no change in the boundaries, relative to boundaries used for reporting of community results for previous collections, which were based on 2021 ABS geographies.

However, in some cases, local communities from previous collections may have been combined to have sufficient numbers of children for reporting purposes in 2024. In other cases, local communities from previous collections may have been split to report 2024 data in a more useful way.

In all cases, 2024 boundaries have been applied to data from previous collections.

The following tables show the number and percentage of children developmentally on track, at risk and vulnerable for this community. The tables also provide data for each of the local communities included as part of the aggregate total. They also show community, state/territory and national data to provide context for:

- each of the 2018, 2021 and 2024 AEDC data collections
- the AEDC domains:
 - physical health and wellbeing
 - social competence
 - emotional maturity
 - language and cognitive skills (school-based)
 - communication skills and general knowledge.
- the three summary indicators:
 - developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains
 - developmentally vulnerable on two or more domains
 - developmentally on track on five domains.

The history of boundary change means that some local communities may not have data for all years in this section. For more information, refer to the AEDC factsheet *Understanding community boundaries* (aedc.gov.au/ucb).

Community and local community results can also be searched in the online *Community data explorer* (**aedc.gov.au/cde**) available through the AEDC website. Comparisons can be made across years and geographies, including critical difference testing.

For more information on critical difference, see the AEDC fact sheet: *Critical Difference* (aedc.gov.au/critdiff).



Physical health and wellbeing domain results

This domain measures children's physical readiness for the school day, physical independence, and gross and fine motor skills.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	velopmenta	lly on tr	ack			De	velopment	tally at ri	sk			Deve	elopmental	ly vulne	rable	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	229,542	78.1	226,006	78.5	209,467	78.2	36,105	12.3	33,677	11.7	31,505	11.8	28,247	9.6	28,341	9.8	26,890	10.0
ACT	3,840	70.0	3,898	70.4	3,385	68.7	978	17.8	929	16.8	859	17.4	666	12.1	708	12.8	681	13.8
Tuggeranong	788	67.4	797	70.7	637	66.0	215	18.4	157	13.9	170	17.6	166	14.2	173	15.4	158	16.4
Banks	51	53.1	53	80.3	36	62.1	34	35.4	5	7.6	14	24.1	11	11.5	8	12.1	8	13.8
Bonython	28	62.2	41	70.7	24	72.7	14	31.1	10	17.2	2	6.1	3	6.7	7	12.1	7	21.2
Calwell	45	67.2	49	68.1	38	65.5	6	9.0	12	16.7	9	15.5	16	23.9	11	15.3	11	19.0
Chisholm	39	73.6	51	65.4	49	74.2	10	18.9	16	20.5	10	15.2	4	7.5	11	14.1	7	10.6
Conder	54	65.1	51	76.1	32	64.0	20	24.1	7	10.4	7	14.0	9	10.8	9	13.4	11	22.0
Fadden	21	77.8	20	57.1	32	86.5	3	11.1	8	22.9	2	5.4	3	11.1	7	20.0	3	8.1
Gilmore	35	72.9	22	78.6	18	56.3	3	6.3	3	10.7	6	18.8	10	20.8	3	10.7	8	25.0
Gordon	82	78.1	78	70.3	61	69.3	16	15.2	19	17.1	15	17.0	7	6.7	14	12.6	12	13.6
Gowrie	38	82.6	26	60.5	37	72.5	3	6.5	7	16.3	6	11.8	5	10.9	10	23.3	8	15.7
Greenway	10	50.0	17	81.0	18	64.3	6	30.0	1	4.8	4	14.3	4	20.0	3	14.3	6	21.4
Isabella Plains	40	65.6	50	83.3	36	66.7	16	26.2	4	6.7	11	20.4	5	8.2	6	10.0	7	13.0
Kambah	137	69.5	146	71.2	103	65.6	30	15.2	27	13.2	30	19.1	30	15.2	32	15.6	24	15.3
Macarthur	14	70.0	16	64.0	13	68.4	3	15.0	3	12.0	4	21.1	3	15.0	6	24.0	2	10.5
Monash	35	53.8	45	71.4	28	45.9	15	23.1	8	12.7	20	32.8	15	23.1	10	15.9	13	21.3
Oxley	13	61.9	-		14	77.8	2	9.5	-		1	5.6	6	28.6	-		3	16.7
Richardson	22	48.9	27	64.3	25	65.8	9	20.0	6	14.3	6	15.8	14	31.1	9	21.4	7	18.4

Table 3.1 – Communities in context: Physical health and wellbeing domain results at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	elopment	ally on tra	ack		Developmentally at risk							Deve	lopmenta	ally vulner	able	
	20	18	202	21	202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	2018		2021		1 2024	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Theodore	20	44.4	29	67.4	18	60.0	14	31.1	6	14.0	6	20.0	11	24.4	8	18.6	6	20.0
Wanniassa	104	83.2	67	69.8	55	63.2	11	8.8	14	14.6	17	19.5	10	8.0	15	15.6	15	17.2



Social competence domain results

This domain measures children's overall social competence, responsibility and respect, approaches to learning, and readiness to explore new things.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	/elopmenta	lly on tr	ack			De	evelopment	ally at ri	sk			Deve	elopmental	ly vulne	rable	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	222,771	75.8	218,679	75.9	198,211	74.0	42,434	14.4	41,528	14.4	40,859	15.3	28,673	9.8	27,788	9.6	28,704	10.7
ACT	3,969	72.4	3,893	70.3	3,471	70.5	841	15.3	966	17.5	881	17.9	674	12.3	675	12.2	568	11.5
Tuggeranong	829	70.9	752	66.7	655	67.9	186	15.9	205	18.2	182	18.9	154	13.2	170	15.1	127	13.2
Banks	57	59.4	42	63.6	35	60.3	17	17.7	12	18.2	14	24.1	22	22.9	12	18.2	9	15.5
Bonython	33	73.3	36	62.1	23	69.7	7	15.6	15	25.9	8	24.2	5	11.1	7	12.1	2	6.1
Calwell	42	62.7	51	70.8	40	69.0	12	17.9	7	9.7	10	17.2	13	19.4	14	19.4	8	13.8
Chisholm	40	75.5	58	74.4	52	78.8	6	11.3	10	12.8	7	10.6	7	13.2	10	12.8	7	10.6
Conder	58	69.9	39	58.2	37	74.0	6	7.2	13	19.4	8	16.0	19	22.9	15	22.4	5	10.0
Fadden	24	88.9	24	68.6	30	81.1	3	11.1	6	17.1	4	10.8	0	0.0	5	14.3	3	8.1
Gilmore	40	83.3	11	39.3	14	43.8	7	14.6	12	42.9	10	31.3	1	2.1	5	17.9	8	25.0
Gordon	78	74.3	83	74.8	60	68.2	15	14.3	17	15.3	16	18.2	12	11.4	11	9.9	12	13.6
Gowrie	35	76.1	25	58.1	35	68.6	8	17.4	9	20.9	11	21.6	3	6.5	9	20.9	5	9.8
Greenway	13	65.0	13	61.9	17	60.7	2	10.0	5	23.8	8	28.6	5	25.0	3	14.3	3	10.7
Isabella Plains	46	75.4	45	75.0	36	66.7	9	14.8	8	13.3	6	11.1	6	9.8	7	11.7	12	22.2
Kambah	143	72.6	138	67.3	112	71.3	32	16.2	44	21.5	29	18.5	22	11.2	23	11.2	16	10.2
Macarthur	14	70.0	17	68.0	11	57.9	2	10.0	5	20.0	5	26.3	4	20.0	3	12.0	3	15.8
Monash	42	64.6	40	63.5	42	68.9	16	24.6	14	22.2	11	18.0	7	10.8	9	14.3	8	13.1
Oxley	12	57.1	-		13	72.2	5	23.8	-		4	22.2	4	19.0	-		1	5.6
Richardson	24	53.3	24	57.1	23	60.5	10	22.2	11	26.2	7	18.4	11	24.4	7	16.7	8	21.1

Table 3.2 – Communities in context: Social competence domain results at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	elopment	ally on tra	ck			Dev	velopmer	ntally at ris	sk			Deve	lopmenta	ally vulner	able	
	2018 2021			202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	20	18	20	21	202	24	
	n % n %		n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%		
Theodore	29	64.4	27	62.8	15	50.0	8	17.8	7	16.3	10	33.3	8	17.8	9	20.9	5	16.7
Wanniassa	99	79.2	70	72.9	60	69.8	21	16.8	8	8.3	14	16.3	5	4.0	18	18.8	12	14.0



Emotional maturity domain results

This domain measures children's pro-social and helping behaviour, anxious and fearful behaviour, aggressive behaviour and hyperactivity and inattention.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	velopmenta	lly on tr	ack			De	evelopment	tally at ri	sk			Deve	elopmental	lly vulne	rable	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	225,739	77.1	221,057	77.0	199,318	74.8	42,390	14.5	41,667	14.5	40,483	15.2	24,677	8.4	24,271	8.5	26,563	10.0
ACT	4,173	76.1	4,078	73.9	3,482	71.1	764	13.9	857	15.5	850	17.4	543	9.9	585	10.6	566	11.6
Tuggeranong	862	73.7	799	71.0	648	67.9	183	15.7	193	17.1	175	18.3	124	10.6	134	11.9	131	13.7
Banks	72	75.0	43	65.2	40	69.0	12	12.5	14	21.2	11	19.0	12	12.5	9	13.6	7	12.1
Bonython	32	71.1	39	67.2	20	60.6	9	20.0	11	19.0	9	27.3	4	8.9	8	13.8	4	12.1
Calwell	47	70.1	52	72.2	37	63.8	7	10.4	10	13.9	13	22.4	13	19.4	10	13.9	8	13.8
Chisholm	40	75.5	52	66.7	51	77.3	10	18.9	20	25.6	9	13.6	3	5.7	6	7.7	6	9.1
Conder	63	75.9	44	65.7	34	69.4	12	14.5	15	22.4	10	20.4	8	9.6	8	11.9	5	10.2
Fadden	24	88.9	28	82.4	28	75.7	3	11.1	5	14.7	6	16.2	0	0.0	1	2.9	3	8.1
Gilmore	38	79.2	14	50.0	14	43.8	8	16.7	9	32.1	11	34.4	2	4.2	5	17.9	7	21.9
Gordon	81	77.1	93	83.8	63	73.3	18	17.1	10	9.0	11	12.8	6	5.7	8	7.2	12	14.0
Gowrie	35	76.1	27	62.8	31	62.0	5	10.9	11	25.6	14	28.0	6	13.0	5	11.6	5	10.0
Greenway	12	60.0	16	76.2	18	64.3	5	25.0	4	19.0	5	17.9	3	15.0	1	4.8	5	17.9
Isabella Plains	51	83.6	45	75.0	36	66.7	8	13.1	7	11.7	9	16.7	2	3.3	8	13.3	9	16.7
Kambah	141	71.6	151	73.7	115	73.2	33	16.8	34	16.6	21	13.4	23	11.7	20	9.8	21	13.4
Macarthur	17	85.0	21	84.0	11	57.9	2	10.0	3	12.0	6	31.6	1	5.0	1	4.0	2	10.5
Monash	45	69.2	42	66.7	40	66.7	11	16.9	12	19.0	9	15.0	9	13.8	9	14.3	11	18.3
Oxley	12	57.1	-		14	82.4	5	23.8	-		2	11.8	4	19.0	-		1	5.9
Richardson	25	55.6	25	59.5	22	57.9	8	17.8	6	14.3	9	23.7	12	26.7	11	26.2	7	18.4

Table 3.3 – Communities in context: Emotional maturity domain results at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	elopment	ally on tra	ick			Dev	velopmer	ntally at ris	k			Deve	lopmenta	ally vulner	able	
	2018 2021			202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	
	n			n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Theodore	34	75.6	25	58.1	16	53.3	6	13.3	7	16.3	9	30.0	5	11.1	11	25.6	5	16.7
Wanniassa	93	74.4	72	75.0	58	70.7	21	16.8	13	13.5	11	13.4	11	8.8	11	11.5	13	15.9



Language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain results

This domain measures children's basic literacy, advanced literacy, basic numeracy, and interest in literacy, numeracy and memory.

Table 3.4 – Communities in context: Language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain results at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	velopmenta	lly on tr	ack			De	evelopment	tally at ri	sk			Deve	elopmental	ly vulne	rable	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	247,870	84.4	237,499	82.6	218,355	81.7	26,291	9.0	29,091	10.1	28,298	10.6	19,417	6.6	21,107	7.3	20,698	7.7
ACT	4,613	84.2	4,611	83.4	3,972	81.7	514	9.4	561	10.1	535	11.0	352	6.4	357	6.5	353	7.3
Tuggeranong	959	82.0	887	78.7	762	79.5	119	10.2	144	12.8	103	10.8	91	7.8	96	8.5	93	9.7
Banks	69	71.9	53	80.3	44	75.9	14	14.6	6	9.1	6	10.3	13	13.5	7	10.6	8	13.8
Bonython	36	80.0	39	67.2	21	65.6	8	17.8	15	25.9	9	28.1	1	2.2	4	6.9	2	6.3
Calwell	51	76.1	51	70.8	45	78.9	4	6.0	13	18.1	7	12.3	12	17.9	8	11.1	5	8.8
Chisholm	43	81.1	56	71.8	51	77.3	7	13.2	9	11.5	7	10.6	3	5.7	13	16.7	8	12.1
Conder	70	84.3	52	77.6	41	82.0	6	7.2	10	14.9	6	12.0	7	8.4	5	7.5	3	6.0
Fadden	26	96.3	30	85.7	35	94.6	1	3.7	2	5.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	8.6	2	5.4
Gilmore	42	87.5	22	78.6	23	71.9	4	8.3	3	10.7	3	9.4	2	4.2	3	10.7	6	18.8
Gordon	85	81.0	88	79.3	75	85.2	11	10.5	15	13.5	7	8.0	9	8.6	8	7.2	6	6.8
Gowrie	43	93.5	39	90.7	47	92.2	2	4.3	1	2.3	2	3.9	1	2.2	3	7.0	2	3.9
Greenway	17	85.0	17	81.0	22	81.5	2	10.0	3	14.3	2	7.4	1	5.0	1	4.8	3	11.1
Isabella Plains	49	80.3	46	76.7	42	77.8	7	11.5	10	16.7	5	9.3	5	8.2	4	6.7	7	13.0
Kambah	162	82.2	166	81.0	125	80.6	17	8.6	26	12.7	20	12.9	18	9.1	13	6.3	10	6.5
Macarthur	20	100.0	21	84.0	16	84.2	0	0.0	1	4.0	2	10.5	0	0.0	3	12.0	1	5.3
Monash	51	78.5	52	82.5	50	82.0	10	15.4	7	11.1	6	9.8	4	6.2	4	6.3	5	8.2
Oxley	18	85.7	-		13	72.2	2	9.5	-		3	16.7	1	4.8	-		2	11.1
Richardson	32	71.1	32	76.2	24	63.2	6	13.3	6	14.3	9	23.7	7	15.6	4	9.5	5	13.2

Region (including local communities)		Dev	elopment	ally on tra	ick			Dev	velopmei	ntally at ris	k			Deve	lopment	ally vulner	able	
	2018 2021			202	24	20	18	20	21	202	24	201	18	20	21	202	24	
	n			n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Theodore	34	75.6	29	67.4	26	89.7	9	20.0	9	20.9	1	3.4	2	4.4	5	11.6	2	6.9
Wanniassa	111	88.8	82	85.4	62	72.1	9	7.2	7	7.3	8	9.3	5	4.0	7	7.3	16	18.6



Communication skills and general knowledge domain results

This domain measures children's communication skills and general knowledge based on broad developmental competencies and skills measured in the school context.

Table 3.5 – Communities in context: Communication skills and general knowledge domain results at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels.

Region (including local communities)		Dev	/elopmenta	illy on tr	ack			De	velopmen	ally at ri	sk			Deve	elopmental	ly vulne	rable	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	227,163	77.3	222,056	77.1	203,346	75.9	42,473	14.5	41,882	14.5	40,744	15.2	24,232	8.2	24,064	8.4	23,743	8.9
ACT	3,974	72.5	3,961	71.6	3,414	69.3	1,083	19.7	1,065	19.2	984	20.0	427	7.8	507	9.2	526	10.7
Tuggeranong	854	73.1	808	71.8	693	71.8	229	19.6	213	18.9	167	17.3	86	7.4	105	9.3	105	10.9
Banks	57	59.4	49	74.2	39	67.2	33	34.4	15	22.7	10	17.2	6	6.3	2	3.0	9	15.5
Bonython	36	80.0	49	84.5	24	72.7	9	20.0	4	6.9	7	21.2	0	0.0	5	8.6	2	6.1
Calwell	45	67.2	55	76.4	36	62.1	14	20.9	10	13.9	10	17.2	8	11.9	7	9.7	12	20.7
Chisholm	41	77.4	57	73.1	54	81.8	10	18.9	17	21.8	8	12.1	2	3.8	4	5.1	4	6.1
Conder	55	66.3	49	73.1	36	72.0	22	26.5	11	16.4	10	20.0	6	7.2	7	10.4	4	8.0
Fadden	19	70.4	21	60.0	34	91.9	6	22.2	10	28.6	2	5.4	2	7.4	4	11.4	1	2.7
Gilmore	43	89.6	17	60.7	18	56.3	4	8.3	7	25.0	7	21.9	1	2.1	4	14.3	7	21.9
Gordon	84	80.0	81	73.0	68	77.3	13	12.4	21	18.9	11	12.5	8	7.6	9	8.1	9	10.2
Gowrie	40	87.0	22	51.2	40	78.4	5	10.9	16	37.2	6	11.8	1	2.2	5	11.6	5	9.8
Greenway	13	65.0	15	71.4	23	82.1	5	25.0	3	14.3	2	7.1	2	10.0	3	14.3	3	10.7
Isabella Plains	44	72.1	45	75.0	39	72.2	11	18.0	8	13.3	8	14.8	6	9.8	7	11.7	7	13.0
Kambah	144	73.1	151	73.7	115	73.2	43	21.8	40	19.5	31	19.7	10	5.1	14	6.8	11	7.0
Macarthur	17	85.0	19	76.0	15	78.9	3	15.0	4	16.0	3	15.8	0	0.0	2	8.0	1	5.3
Monash	40	61.5	50	80.6	31	50.8	16	24.6	7	11.3	21	34.4	9	13.8	5	8.1	9	14.8
Oxley	16	76.2	-		15	83.3	2	9.5	-		2	11.1	3	14.3	-		1	5.6
Richardson	27	60.0	27	64.3	27	71.1	9	20.0	10	23.8	8	21.1	9	20.0	5	11.9	3	7.9

Region (including local communities)		Dev	elopment	ally on tra	ick			Dev	velopmer	ntally at ris	k			Deve	lopmenta	ally vulner	able	
	2018 2021			202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	20	18	20	21	202	24	
	n			n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Theodore	25	55.6	27	62.8	16	53.3	13	28.9	8	18.6	9	30.0	7	15.6	8	18.6	5	16.7
Wanniassa	108	86.4	65	67.7	63	72.4	11	8.8	19	19.8	12	13.8	6	4.8	12	12.5	12	13.8



Results for summary indicators

Table 3.6 – Developmentally vulnerable on one or more domains, two or more domains and on track on five domains at the national, state/territory, community and local community levels

Region (including local communities)	١	/ulnerab	le on one o	or more	domains		١	/ulnerab	le on two d	or more	domains			On	track on fiv	ve doma	ains	
	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	202	4	201	8	202	1	2024	4
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	63,448	21.7	63,264	22.0	62,787	23.5	32,434	11.0	32,718	11.4	33,322	12.5	162,440	55.4	157,436	54.8	141,294	52.9
ACT	1,350	24.6	1,474	26.7	1,368	28.1	680	12.4	735	13.3	728	14.9	2,667	48.7	2,615	47.3	2,147	43.8
Tuggeranong	316	27.0	339	30.1	289	30.2	163	13.9	168	14.9	166	17.3	556	47.6	504	44.7	402	41.8
Banks	35	36.5	21	31.8	19	32.8	17	17.7	11	16.7	13	22.4	35	36.5	28	42.4	19	32.8
Bonython	10	22.2	19	32.8	10	31.3	3	6.7	6	10.3	5	15.2	18	40.0	23	39.7	11	34.4
Calwell	26	38.8	23	31.9	17	29.3	14	20.9	13	18.1	12	21.1	33	49.3	29	40.3	22	37.9
Chisholm	11	20.8	22	28.2	14	21.2	4	7.5	10	12.8	8	12.1	28	52.8	33	42.3	35	53.0
Conder	25	30.1	25	37.3	16	32.7	15	18.1	13	19.4	5	10.0	39	47.0	23	34.3	20	40.0
Fadden	5	18.5	11	31.4	6	16.2	0	0.0	5	14.3	5	13.5	16	59.3	15	42.9	24	64.9
Gilmore	11	22.9	13	46.4	15	46.9	3	6.3	3	10.7	9	28.1	30	62.5	8	28.6	8	25.0
Gordon	20	19.0	25	22.5	24	27.6	12	11.4	12	10.8	13	14.8	58	55.2	57	51.4	41	46.6
Gowrie	9	19.6	13	30.2	15	29.4	4	8.7	10	23.3	8	16.0	27	58.7	16	37.2	25	49.0
Greenway	7	35.0	5	23.8	10	35.7	4	20.0	3	14.3	6	21.4	9	45.0	11	52.4	11	39.3
Isabella Plains	14	23.0	17	28.3	16	29.6	6	9.8	9	15.0	10	18.5	32	52.5	28	46.7	24	44.4
Kambah	50	25.4	55	26.8	43	27.7	27	13.7	25	12.2	24	15.3	88	44.7	102	49.8	74	47.4
Macarthur	6	30.0	7	28.0	6	31.6	2	10.0	3	12.0	3	15.8	11	55.0	12	48.0	7	36.8
Monash	20	30.8	18	28.6	22	36.7	12	18.5	8	12.7	11	18.0	25	38.5	29	46.0	16	26.7
Oxley	7	33.3	-		5	27.8	6	28.6	-		2	11.8	8	38.1	-		8	44.4
Richardson	21	46.7	17	40.5	12	31.6	16	35.6	9	21.4	9	23.7	13	28.9	16	38.1	12	31.6

Region (including local communities)		Vulnerabl	le on one	or more o	lomains			Vulnerab	le on two	or more of	domains			On	track on f	ive doma	ins	
	2018 2021				202	24	20	18	202	21	202	24	20 ⁻	18	202	21	202	24
	n	n % n %		n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Theodore	18	40.0	15	34.9	11	37.9	10	22.2	9	20.9	7	23.3	14	31.1	13	30.2	7	23.3
Wanniassa	21	16.8	29	30.2	28	32.2	8	6.4	16	16.7	16	19.0	72	57.6	54	56.3	38	43.7

Appendix 1: Additional resources

A variety of resources are available online to help you understand AEDC results and learn more about the scope and purpose of the program. The resources listed below are just some of those available. These can be accessed through the AEDC website (aedc.gov.au/res) or alternatively by clicking on the links provided.

Refer to the *AEDC User guides* (aedc.gov.au/userguides) for ideas and strategies on how to respond to AEDC data and connecting with this community.

Key resources to help you get the most from this Community profile

For detailed information on AEDC results reporting, refer to the fact sheet *Understanding the results* (aedc.gov.au/unders).

The fact sheet *Definition of AEDC terms* (**aedc.gov.au/defterm**) is a valuable guide that describes terminology used throughout the program.

The AEDC *Community data explorer* (aedc.gov.au/cde) is a searchable data resource available through the AEDC website. Results are presented at the national, state and territory, AEDC Community and Local Community level. Comparisons can be made across years and geographies.

AEDC resources at a glance

AEDC publications

Important AEDC resources include:

- AEDC National report 2024 (aedc.gov.au/2024report)
- Sector messages (aedc.gov.au/sectormessages)
- Fact sheets
 - About the AEDC data collection
 - (aedc.gov.au/abtdata)
 - About the AEDC domains (aedc.gov.au/abtdom)
 - AEDC summary indicators (aedc.gov.au/abtsumm)
 - Calculation of the critical difference (aedc.gov.au/critdiff)
 - Definition of AEDC terms (aedc.gov.au/defterm)
 - Understanding community boundaries (aedc.gov.au/ucb)
 - Understanding the results (aedc.gov.au/unders).

AEDC videos

- Introduction to the AEDC (aedc.gov.au/vidintro)
- Informing your planning (aedc.gov.au/vidinform)
- Understanding the data (aedc.gov.au/vidunders).

Key AEDC web pages

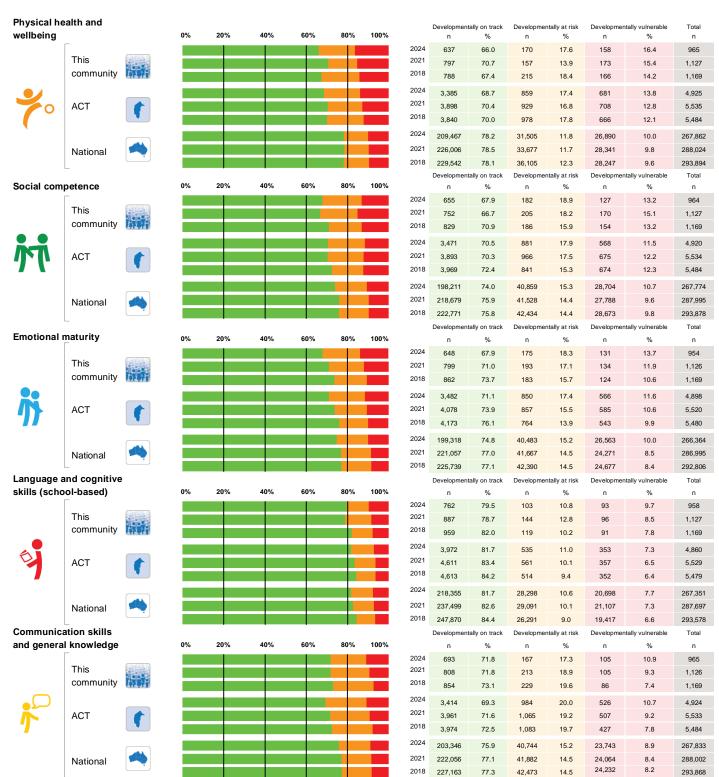
- Communities (aedc.gov.au/communities)
- Community data explorer (aedc.gov.au/cde)
- History of the AEDC (aedc.gov.au/history).

Australian Early Development Census

Appendix 2: Your AEDC Community profile 2024 – An overview

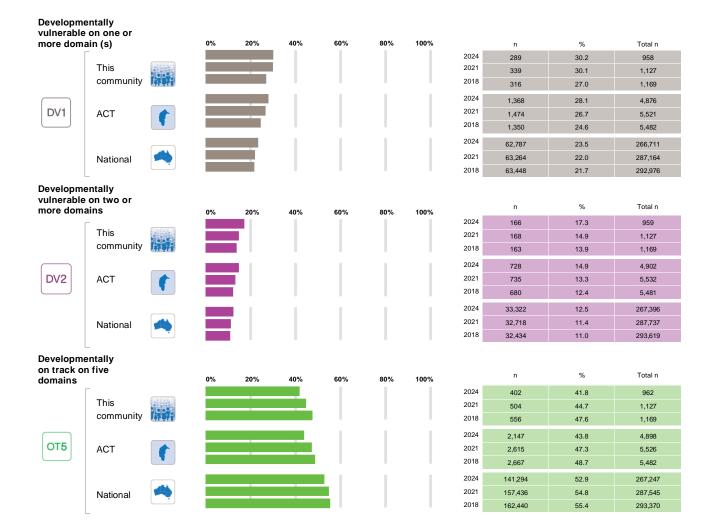
Tuggeranong

ACT



Tuggeranong

ACT



*Data is shown only for children with valid AEDC scores. For any given child, scores may be valid for only some domains (e.g. due to a certain number of AEDC questions not being answered). In such cases that child's results do not contribute to the domain's analysis. Totals may therefore vary across the domains as a result of this. Results for children with chronic special needs are not included in the results.

For additional information on the AEDC domains, refer to the factsheet About the AEDC domains (aedc.gov.au/abtdom). For additional information on the AEDC summary indicators, refer to the factsheet AEDC Summary indicators (aedc.gov.au/abtsumm). Refer to the AEDC User guides (aedc.gov.au/userguides) for ideas and strategies on how to respond to AEDC data and connecting with this community. These resources are available from the AEDC website (aedc.gov.au).

The AEDC overview page is Appendix 2 to your Community profile. Please refer to that document when interpreting the results shown above.